# CURE CHILDHOOD CANCER, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

# CURE CHILDHOOD CANCER, INC.

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Directors of CURE Childhood Cancer, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of CURE Childhood Cancer, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of CURE Childhood Cancer, Inc. as of June 30, 2019, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

tprio, LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

December 2, 2019

# CURE CHILDHOOD CANCER, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30,

		2019		2018
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,238,588	\$	1,283,617
Contributions receivable	1	73,913	1	79,085
Prepaid expenses		88,725		50,033
Other assets		26,965		12,158
Total current assets		1,428,191		1,424,893
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		28,516
Deposits		21,486		26,664
Investments, at fair value		2,005,443		1,931,859
Intangible assets, net		653		8,486
Furniture and equipment, net		5,022		6,135
Total assets	\$	3,460,795	\$	3,426,553
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
<u>Current liabilities</u> :				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	65,578	\$	26,303
Deferred revenue		178,278		248,600
Total current liabilities		243,856		274,903
Long-term liabilities:				
Deferred rent		82,443		93,375
Long-term accrued expenses		182,610		142,030
Total long-term liabilities		265,053		235,405
Total liabilities		508,909		510,308
<u>Net assets</u> :				
Without donor restrictions		2,917,195		2,854,515
With donor restrictions		34,691		61,730
Total net assets		2,951,886		2,916,245
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	3,460,795	\$	3,426,553

# CURE CHILDHOOD CANCER, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Without Donor			With Donor	
		Restrictions	_	Restrictions	 Total
Revenues and other support:					
Contributions	\$	3,745,038	\$	862,420	\$ 4,607,458
Fundraising events, net		2,124,048		-	2,124,048
Donated goods and services		385,985		-	385,985
Investment return		91,394		1,477	92,871
Other		56,936		-	56,936
Net assets released from restrictions	_	<u>890,936</u>		<u>(890,936</u> )	 -
Total revenues and other					
support	_	7,294,337	-	(27,039)	 7,267,298
Expenses:					
Program		6,331,660		-	6,331,660
Supporting services:					
General and administrative		536,937		-	536,937
Fundraising	_	363,060		-	 363,060
Total expenses	_	7,231,657		-	 7,231,657
Change in net assets		62,680		(27,039)	35,641
Net assets at beginning of year	_	2,854,515	-	61,730	 2,916,245
Net assets at end of year	\$_	2,917,195	\$	34,691	\$ 2,951,886

# CURE CHILDHOOD CANCER, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Without Donor			With Donor	
		Restrictions		Restrictions	 Total
Revenues and other support:					
Contributions	\$	3,789,540	\$	1,065,786	\$ 4,855,326
Fundraising events, net		1,445,652		-	1,445,652
Donated assets and services		209,777		-	209,777
Investment return		87,495		941	88,436
Other		24,486		-	24,486
Net assets released from restrictions		1,038,013	_	(1,038,013)	 -
Total revenue and other					
support		6,594,963	_	28,714	 6,623,677
<u>Expenses</u> :					
Program		5,375,450		-	5,375,450
Supporting services:					
General and administrative		485,079		-	485,079
Fundraising		339,359			 339,359
Total expenses		6,199,888	_	-	 6,199,888
Change in net assets		395,075		28,714	423,789
Net assets at beginning of year		2,459,440	-	33,016	 2,492,456
Net assets at end of year	\$	2,854,515	\$_	61,730	\$ 2,916,245

# CURE CHILDHOOD CANCER, INC. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Pr	rogram Services										
							Р	atient and				General and				
		Research		Fellowships		Education	Fan	nily Support		Total		Administrative		Fundraising		Total
Grants	\$	3,470,150	\$	395,431	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,865,581	¢	_	\$	_	\$	3,865,581
Salaries and related expenses	Ψ	8,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	589,178	Ψ	612,831	Ψ	1,210,009	Ψ	233,874	Ψ	272,225	Ψ	1,716,108
Fundraising events		-		_		-		-		-		-		1,078,352		1,078,352
Patient and family support						_		439,833		439,833				1,070,002		439,833
Marketing and advertising		_		_		295,466		-		295,466		18,000		_		313,466
Rent		_		_		58,423		60,141		118,564		24,056		29,211		171,831
Donated goods and services		_		_		-		140,001		140,001		-		20,105		160,106
Bank charges		_		_		_		-		-		134,296		-		134,296
Community education		_		_		91,177		_		91,177		-		22,627		113,804
Newsletter		-		-		91,959		-		91,959		_		-		91,959
Office expense		-		-		16,656		17,146		33,802		24,800		8,328		66,930
Software and technology		-		-		14,352		14,774		29,126		29,715		7,176		66,017
Professional fees		-		-		-		- ,		-		55,785		-		55,785
Other		-		-		5,720		4,327		10,047		14,845		2,102		26,994
Depreciation and amortization		-	-	-	_	2,415		3,680		6,095	_	1,566	-	1,286		8,947
Subtotal		3,478,150		395,431		1,165,346		1,292,733		6,331,660		536,937		1,441,412		8,310,009
Less: Fundraising event expenses																
netted against revenue in the																
statement of activities		-	-	-	_	-		-		-	_	-	-	(1,078,352)		(1,078,352)
Total expenses	\$	3,478,150	\$	395,431	\$	1,165,346	\$	1,292,733	\$	6,331,660	\$	536,937	\$	363,060	\$	7,231,657

# CURE CHILDHOOD CANCER, INC. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

					Pr	ogram Services									
								itient and			General and				
		Research	Fel	lowships		Education	Fam	ily Support		Total	Administrative		Fundraising		Total
Grants	\$	2,740,545	\$	390,633	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,131,178	\$ -	\$		\$	3,131,178
Salaries and related expenses	Ψ		Ŷ	-	Ψ	438,610	Ψ	582,370	Ψ	1,020,980	211,498		232,161	4	1,464,639
Fundraising events		-		-		-		-		-			941,882		941,882
Patient and family support		-		-		-		418,418		418,418	-		-		418,418
Marketing and advertising		-		-		-		284,200		284,200	-		-		284,200
Rent		-		-		42,040		67,911		109,951	29,105		22,637		161,693
Community education		-		-		130,125		-		130,125	-		18,966		149,091
Donated goods and services		-		-		-		111,309		111,309	-		5,710		117,019
Bank charges		-		-		-		-		-	115,677		-		115,677
Third party events		-		-		38,381		7,785		46,166	-		46,167		92,333
Software and technology		-		-		9,860		15,927		25,787	45,763		5,309		76,859
Newsletter		-		-		55,529		-		55,529	-		-		55,529
Office expenses		-		-		10,009		16,168		26,177	16,772		5,389		48,338
Professional fees		-		-		-		-		-	43,520		-		43,520
Other		-		-		4,279		5,351		9,630	21,155		1,784		32,569
Depreciation and amortization		-		-	_	2,295		3,705		6,000	1,589		1,236		8,825
Subtotal		2,740,545		390,633		731,128		1,513,144		5,375,450	485,079		1,281,241		7,141,770
Less: Fundraising event expenses															
netted against revenue in the statement of activities		-		-	_	-				-		-	(941,882)		(941,882)
Total expenses	\$	2,740,545	\$	390,633	\$	731,128	\$	1,513,144	\$	5,375,450	\$ 485,079	\$	339,359	\$	6,199,888

# CURE CHILDHOOD CANCER, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

	2019			2018
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Change in net assets	\$	35,641	\$	423,789
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation		1,114		992
Amortization		7,833		7,833
Realized gain on sales of investments		(40,225)		(72,179)
Unrealized loss on investments		531		25,851
Donated stock		(143,996)		(144,998)
(Increase) decrease in assets:				
Contributions receivable		5,172		7,538
Prepaid expenses		(38,692)		(19,437)
Other assets		(14,807)		(3,193)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		39,275		(27,928)
Deferred revenue		(70,322)		65,156
Grants payable		-		(379,559)
Deferred rent		(10,932)		93,375
Long-term accrued expenses		40,580		40,580
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(188,828)		17,820
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Proceeds from sale of investments		402,885		425,925
Purchase of investments and reinvested income		(292,780)		(473,183)
Purchase of furniture and equipment		-		(5,632)
Receipt (payment) of security deposit		5,178		<u>(5,101</u> )
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		115,283		(57,991)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(73,545)		(40,171)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,312,133		1,352,304
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,238,588	\$	1,312,133

### Note A Description of Operations

CURE Childhood Cancer, Inc. (CURE) is a nonprofit organization dedicated to conquering childhood cancer through funding targeted research and through support of patients and their families. CURE was incorporated on November 26, 1975, under the laws of the state of Georgia. CURE is located in Georgia; substantially serves Georgia; and, is substantially supported through grants and contributions. Program activities include the following:

### Research:

CURE is focused on supporting childhood cancer experts, locally and nationally, who are working daily to discover the ultimate solution. While most organizations are focused on treatment, facilities, education or a program related to what today's knowledge and medicine can offer, CURE is focused on expanding the platform of research to uncover new treatments that speed healing, are less invasive and less damaging, and that can eradicate the cancer itself. CURE has close co-operative relationships with many international and national groups involved in childhood cancer including The National Institute of Health, The National Cancer Institute, and The Children's Oncology Group.

### Fellowships:

As the future for children with cancer rests on the doctors and researchers who are being trained today, CURE fully funds two pediatric oncology fellows and building towards endowing a third at the Emory University School of Medicine. CURE believes it is crucial to have new teams of skilled researchers prepared to carry on the search for the cure.

# Education:

CURE is committed to furthering education on issues surrounding childhood cancer. CURE publishes The CURE Report three times each year and a monthly electronic newsletter. CURE has a robust education program directed to survivorship and wellness of families and directed to educating the public about childhood cancer, research and the needs of families.

# Note A Description of Operations (Continued)

### Patient and Family Support:

CURE supports children with cancer and their families as well as the frontline caregivers whose compassionate care and skill are instrumental to a child's health and healing.

- *Early Outreach* assists families with a new diagnosis in facing their fear and anxiety by providing practical information, encouragement, and other items useful to families throughout their journey.
- *Critical Needs Care* is dedicated to addressing the most critical and urgent needs of childhood cancer patients and their families.
- *Family Emergency Funds* provide emergency financial assistance.
- *Open Arms* delivers meals to both the Egleston and Scottish Rite campuses of the AFLAC Cancer Center at Children's Healthcare of Atlanta (CHOA) and Children's Memorial Hospital of Savannah (CMH).
- *Bereavement Care* provides essential bereavement support to families who have lost a child to cancer.
- *Partners in Caring* counseling program provides professional counseling services to families at minimal to no cost.
- *Caring for the Caregiver* is aimed at addressing the emotional strain felt by the frontline caregivers of children with cancer and their families at the two campuses of CHOA and CMH.

### Note B

# **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

### Basis of Accounting:

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. The significant accounting policies followed are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

# Note B <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued</u>)

### New Accounting Pronouncements:

On August 18, 2016, the FASB issues Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-14, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) – Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities. The update addresses the complexity and understandability of net asset classification, deficiencies in information about liquidity and availability of resources, and the lack of consistency in the type of information provided about expenses and investment return. CURE has implemented ASU 2016-14 and has adjusted the presentation in these financial statements accordingly. The new standard changes the following aspects of CURE's financial statements:

- The unrestricted net asset class has been renamed net assets without donor restrictions.
- The temporarily restricted and permanently restricted net asset classes have been combined into a single net asset class called net assets with donor restrictions.
- The financial statements include a new disclosure about liquidity and availability of resources.
- The financial statements include an enhanced disclosure about the functional allocation of expenses.

The changes have the following effect on net assets at July 1, 2017:

Net Asset Class	As Previously Presented	Afte	r Adoption of ASU 2016-14
Unrestricted net assets	\$ 2,459,440	\$	-
Temporarily restricted net assets	15,216		-
Permanently restricted net assets	17,800		-
Net assets without donor restrictions	-		2,459,440
Net assets with donor restrictions	 -		33,016
Total net assets	\$ 2,492,456	\$	2,492,456

### Note B <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued</u>)

The changes have the following effect on net assets at June 30, 2018:

Not A cost Class	As Previously	Afte	r Adoption of ASU
Net Asset Class	 Presented		2016-14
Unrestricted net assets	\$ 2,854,515	\$	-
Temporarily restricted net assets	43,930		-
Permanently restricted net assets	17,800		-
Net assets without donor restrictions	-		2,854,515
Net assets with donor restrictions	 		61,730
Total net assets	\$ 2,916,245	\$	2,916,245

### Financial Statement Presentation:

Financial statement presentation is in accordance with accounting standards regarding the reporting of net assets. CURE is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets:

- Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions: Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of CURE. These net assets may be used at the discretion of CURE's management and the Board of Directors.
- Net Assets With Donor Restrictions: Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors. Some donor-imposed restrictions may be temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions may be perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity.

#### <u>Use of Estimates</u>:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Cash Equivalents:

CURE considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 3 months or less to be cash equivalents.

### Note B <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued</u>)

### Concentration of Credit Risk:

CURE maintains its cash balances in financial institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per institution. Such balances, at times, may exceed FDIC limits. CURE has not experienced any such losses and does not believe that it is exposed to any significant risk on its cash and cash equivalents.

### Contributions Receivable:

Contributions receivable are recognized when a donor makes an unconditional promise to give to CURE. Conditional promises are not recorded as support until the conditions are substantially met. When a restriction has been met or expires, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets. Contributions receivable that are expected to be received in future years are recorded at the present value of expected future receipts. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, all contributions receivable are due in less than one year and therefore no discount to present value was considered necessary.

#### Investments:

Investments are carried at fair value. The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Investment income and gains and losses on investments are recorded as increases or decreases in unrestricted net assets, unless their use is temporarily or permanently restricted by explicit donor stipulations, or by law. Investment income and gains and losses on investments whose use is temporarily restricted by explicit donor stipulation, or by law, but whose restrictions expire in the same reporting period as earned, are reported as unrestricted investment income.

Investments consist of equity securities and are reported at their fair values in the statements of financial position. All equity securities held by CURE are considered to be available-for-sale securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate risk, market risk and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term would materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements.

### Note B <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued</u>)

### Fair Value Measurements:

CURE applies FASB ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements* (ASC 820), which establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure requirements about fair value measurements. ASC 820 defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820 requires that valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. ASC 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the valuation inputs into three broad levels.

The three general valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities inactive markets that CURE has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
  - Quoted market prices for similar assets or liability in active markets;
  - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
  - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and
  - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

#### Furniture and Equipment:

Furniture and equipment are stated at cost for purchased assets or fair value on the date of donation for donated assets and amounted to \$25,093 and \$25,093 as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. CURE reviews all expenditures greater than \$1,000 for capitalization. Assets received by donation generally follow the same capitalization policy. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets which has been determined to be between 5 and 7 years. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, accumulated depreciation totaled \$20,071 and \$18,958, respectively.

# Note B <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued</u>)

### Impairment of Long-Lived Assets:

Long-lived assets and intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be fully recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of the assets to their fair value, which is normally determined through analysis of the future net cash flows expected to be generated by the assets. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount that the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. No impairment loss has been recognized during the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

#### Intangible Assets:

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, intangible assets included website development in the amount of \$23,500. Amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets which has been determined to be three years. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, accumulated amortization totaled \$22,847 and \$15,014, respectively. Amortization expense is expected to be \$653 for the year ended June 30, 2020, at which time the intangible assets will be fully amortized.

#### Grant Expenses:

Grant expenses are recognized when a payment is made to a grantee, or in the period the grantee is notified of the award, provided the grant is not subject to significant future conditions. Conditional grants are recognized as grant expense and as grant payable in the period in which the grantee meets the terms of the conditions. Grants payable that are expected to be paid in future years are recorded at the present value of expected future payments.

#### **Functional Expenses:**

Program services are the activities that result in goods and services being distributed to beneficiaries, customers, or members that fulfill the purposes or mission for which CURE exists. Management and general activities are activities that are not identifiable with a single program, fundraising activity, or membership development activity but that are indispensable to the conduct of those activities and to CURE's existence. Fundraising activities are activities undertaken to induce potential donors to contribute money, securities, services, materials, facilities, other assets, or time.

The cost of providing various programs and other activities has been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activity. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and services benefited. Allocated costs include salaries and software based on time and effort, depreciation and occupancy based on square footage, and office fees based on usage.

# Note B <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued</u>)

### Donated Goods and Services:

Donated goods and services are reflected as revenue in the accompanying statement of activities at their estimated fair values at the date of receipt. No amounts have been reflected in the statement of activities for donated volunteer services because they do not meet the criteria for revenue recognition. During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, donated goods and services totaled \$834,300 and \$686,106, respectively, which includes amounts pertaining to special events of \$448,315 and \$476,329, respectively.

### Advertising and Marketing:

Advertising and marketing costs are expensed as incurred. For the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, advertising expense totaled \$313,466 and \$284,200, respectively.

#### Income Taxes:

CURE is a nonprofit organization and qualifies under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code as a tax-exempt organization for both federal and state income tax purposes. Accordingly, CURE has provided for no income taxes in the accompanying financial statements. CURE applies the guidance on accounting for uncertain tax provisions in FASB ASC 740 *Income Taxes*. There were no unrecognized tax benefits or related liabilities at June 30, 2019 and 2018. CURE is no longer subject to income tax examinations for tax years prior to 2015.

#### **Reclassifications:**

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year financial statements in order to conform with the current year presentation. See details of new accounting pronouncements within Note B.

### Note C <u>Investments</u>

Investments consisted of the following at June 30:

	2019			2018
Mortgage pools	\$	92,172	\$	11,282
Money market funds		1,908		-
Exchange traded funds		861,873		713,958
Bond mutual funds		385,997		371,879
Equity mutual funds		665,401		834,740
Total investments		2,007,351		1,931,859
Cash		<u>95,478</u>		142,730
Total investment portfolio	\$	2,102,829	\$	2,074,589

In accordance with the ASC 820, CURE's investments are considered to be Level 1 within the fair value hierarchy. There were no significant transfers between the levels during the year. CURE's policy is to recognize transfers in and out of the levels at the end of the fiscal year; interim changes in the availability of fair value inputs are not recognized.

The components of investment return are as follows for the years ended June 30:

	 2019	 2018
Interest and dividends	\$ 71,356	\$ 59,811
Realized gains	40,225	72,179
Unrealized losses	(531)	(25,851)
Less: investment expenses	 (18,179)	 (17,703)
	\$ 92,871	\$ 88,436

### Note D Endowment

CURE's endowment includes one donor-restricted endowment fund and a quasi-endowment fund designated by the Board of Directors to function similarly to an endowment. As required by GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function similarly to an endowment, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

### Note D Endowment (Continued)

### Interpretation of Relevant Law:

The state of Georgia adopted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) in July 2008. CURE has interpreted UPMIFA as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent the explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. Accordingly, the classification of permanently restricted net assets includes (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by CURE in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA.

In accordance with UPMIFA, CURE considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the fund.
- 2. The purpose of CURE and the donor-restricted endowment fund.
- 3. General economic conditions.
- 4. The possible effect of inflation and deflation.
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments.
- 6. Other resources of CURE.
- 7. The investment policies of CURE.

### Return Objectives and Risk Parameters:

CURE has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that strive to expand the purchasing power of the endowment fund while providing for distributions based on its spending policy. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the organization must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period as well as board-designated funds. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Directors, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that approximate the stated spending objectives plus the consumer price index assuming a moderate level of investment risk. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount with the primary objective for the Fund being preservation and growth of principal.

### Note D Endowment (Continued)

### Spending Policy:

CURE has a policy of distributing annually 5% of the endowment fund's previous 12 month average balance. However, the Board of Directors have the right in any given year to spend any amount in excess or below this stated amount, as they deem appropriate. The Board of Directors has set a minimum balance for the endowment fund at \$1,000,000. The endowment fund can be reduced below this threshold only with approval from both the Finance Committee and the Executive Committee.

### Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives:

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, CURE relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). CURE targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

The composition of and changes in endowment net assets for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, are as follows:

	Board Designated		ŀ	Donor Restricted		Total
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2017	\$	1,874,515	\$	32,274	\$	1,906,789
Contributions		79,364		-		79,364
Investment income		131,049		941		131,990
Investment fees		(17,703)		-		(17,703)
Net depreciation	_	(25,851)			_	(25,851)
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2018	\$	2,041,374	\$	33,215	\$	2,074,589
Withdrawals		(64,631)		-		(64,631)
Investment income		110,105		1,476		111,581
Investment fees		(18,179)		-		(18,179)
Net depreciation	_	(531)			_	(531)
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2019	\$	2,068,138	\$	34,691	\$	2,102,829

# Note E <u>Net Assets With Donor Restrictions</u>

Net assets with donor restrictions consist of the following at June 30:

	 2019		2018
Research	16,891		43,930
Meli Arant Memorial Research Fund	 17,800	-	17,800
	\$ 34,691	\$_	61,730

In 1988 the Meli Arant Memorial Research Fund (The Fund) was established to honor the memory of Raymel Eugenial (Meli) Arant. The Fund was established as a perpetual fund and is maintained in the amount of cumulative gifts made to the Fund. Income shall be used to support leukemia research and such other related purposes deemed appropriate.

# Note F <u>Operating Leases</u>

CURE leases office space and certain office equipment under noncancelable leases.

CURE signed a lease for office space on March 15, 2017, that was to commence on October 1, 2017. The lease provides for a 5 month rent abatement, starting on commencement date. In addition, the lease provides for a beneficial occupancy period allowing move-in prior to October 1, 2017, without additional rent payments due. CURE moved into this location on July 29, 2017.

Future minimum lease payments required under these operating leases as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30	1	Amount			
2020	\$	183,143			
2021		187,325			
2022		192,418			
2023		130,601			
2024		88			
	\$	693,575			

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, rent expense was \$171,832 and \$161,693, respectively.

# Note G <u>Related Party Transactions</u>

During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, CURE received contributions in the approximate amount of \$351,000 and \$319,000, respectively, from board members, their related entities, or from donor advised funds directed by them.

# Note H <u>Retirement Plan</u>

CURE sponsors a SIMPLE IRA Plan for its employees. During the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, matching contributions approximated \$33,000 and \$26,500, respectively.

### Note I Liquidity and Availability of Resources

CURE's financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statement of financial position date, comprise the following:

Financial assets available for general expenditure within one year:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,238,588
Contributions receivable		73,913
Investments	_	2,005,443
Total financial assets		3,317,944
Less: donor-restricted endowment		(34,691)
Less: board-designated endowment	_	(2,068,138)
Total financial assets available for general expenditure within one year	\$	1,215,115

### Liquidity Management

CURE monitors its liquidity so that it is able to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments while maximizing the investment of its excess operating cash. In addition, financial assets available for general expenditure within one year CURE operates with a balanced budget and anticipates covering its general expenditures by collecting sufficient revenues through contributions and fundraising events.

### Note J Subsequent Events

Subsequent to June 30, 2019, CURE awarded grants in the approximate amount of \$3,900,000.

CURE evaluated subsequent events through December 2, 2019, when these financial statements were available to be issued. Aside from the grants awarded referenced in the preceding paragraph, CURE is not aware of any significant events that occurred subsequent to the statement of financial position date, but prior to the issuance of this report, that would have a material impact on the financial statements.